## 10ME/IP/IM/MA/AU/PM/TL/AE32A

## gree Examination, December 2011 **Materials Science and Metallurgy**

Max. Marks: 100 Time: 3 hrs. Note: Answer any FIVE full questions, selecting at least TWO questions from each part.

## PART - A

1	a.	Sketch the unit cell of a HCP crystal structure. Calculate the number of atom	s per unit cell.
_	*	Derive an expression for the density of atomic packing. (Given $C = 1.633a$ ).	(06 Marks)

- b. Copper has an atomic radius of 1.28×10<sup>-8</sup> cm, a FCC crystal structure and an atomic weight of 63.5. Calculate its density (Avogadro number =  $6.023 \times 10^{23}$ ). (05 Marks)
- c. Explain the different types of surface imperfections, with neat sketches. (06 Marks)
- (03 Marks) d. State and explain the Fick's second law of diffusion.
- a. Draw the stress-strain diagram of mild steel and describe how the following properties can 2 be obtained from the diagram:
  - iii) Toughness. (07 Marks) ii) Ductility i) Elastic modulus
  - b. A cylindrical specimen of steel having an original diameter of 12.8mm is tensile tested to fracture and found to have an engineering fracture strength  $\sigma_f$  of 460 MPa. If its cross-sectional diameter at the fracture is 10.7mm, determine
    - i) The ductility in terms of percent area reduction ii) The true stress at fracture. (06 Marks)
  - c. Differentiate between the slip and twinning, with neat sketches. (07 Marks)
- Explain with a sketch, the ductile to brittle transition in the materials. (04 Marks) 3 a.
  - b. If the specific surface energy for Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub> is 0.9 J/m<sup>2</sup>, calculate the critical stress required for propagation of an internal crack of length 0.4mm. (E = 393 GPa for Al<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>). (05 Marks)
  - c. Draw and explain the S-N curve for steel and aluminium alloy. (05 Marks)
  - (06 Marks) d. Define stress relaxation. Derive the corresponding expression.
- a. Explain the homogeneous nucleation. Discuss the significance of critical radius of the 4 (08 Marks) nuclei. (06 Marks)
  - b. Describe the different types of solid solution.
  - (06 Marks) State the Gibb's phase rule and explain with a simple example.

## PART - B

- Construct a phase diagram for two metals completely soluble in the liquid state but partially 5 (04 Marks) soluble in solid state.
  - b. Draw the iron-carbon equilibrium diagram and label all the parts. (08 Marks)
  - c. With the help of the diagram in 5(b), explain the cooling of steel with 0.6% carbon, showing (08 Marks) the microstructure at different stages.
- Draw the TTT diagram for plain carbon eutectoid steel and explain the critical cooling rate. 6 a. (07 Marks)
  - (06 Marks) b. Explain any one type of surface hardening, with sketches.
- Differentiate between the normalizing and annealing, with sketches. (07 Marks) c.
- Explain the different types of cast iron, with microstructures. (08 Marks) 7 a.
  - (08 Marks) Write a short note on the copper alloys. b.
- (04 Marks) Explain the modification of Al - Si alloy. c. (08 Marks)
- What is a composite material? How is it classified? 8 a. With a neat sketch, explain any one method for production of fiber reinforced plastic. (06 Marks)
  - Briefly discuss the advantages & applications of metal matrix composites(MMCs). (06 Marks)

2. Any revealing of identification, appeal to evaluator and /or equations written eg, 42+8 = 50, will be treated as malpractice. important Note: 1. On completing your answers, compulsorily draw diagonal cross lines on the remaining blank pages.